

CLIMATE INVESTMENT FUNDS

FIP/SC.21/Inf.4
December 29, 2018

Meeting of the FIP Sub-Committee
Ouarzazate, Morocco
Saturday, February 2, 2019

FIP RESULTS SUPPLEMENTARY DOCUMENT

Contents

1. FIP projects reporting on results (as of December 31, 2017)	3
2. Theme 1.1 GHG emission reductions or avoidance / enhancement of carbon stocks. Area Covered	5
3. Theme 1.2 Livelihood co-benefits	6
4. Category 2 themes: Biodiversity and other environmental services. Governance. Tenure, rights and access. Capacity development	11
5. Implementation status of DGM projects.....	13

1. FIP projects reporting on results (as of December 31, 2017)

FIP pilot country	Project name	Lead MDB	Total approved funding (USD M)	MDB approval date
Brazil	Environmental regularization of rural lands (based upon the CAR) - CAR FIP	WB	32.48	21-Jul-15
Brazil	Sustainable production in areas converted to agricultural use (based upon the ABC plan)	WB	10.62	18-Jul-14
Brazil	Forest information to support public and private sectors in managing initiatives focused on conservation and valorization of forest resources	IDB	16.45	13-Dec-13
Brazil	Development of systems to prevent forest fires and monitor vegetation cover in the Brazilian Cerrado project	WB	9.25	28-Mar-16
Brazil	Investment Plan Coordination – FIP/Coordination Project	WB	1	28-Nov-17
Brazil	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities: Funding Proposal for the DGM Project for Brazil	WB	6.5	3-Mar-15
Burkina Faso	Gazetted forests participatory management project for REDD+ (PGFC/REDD+)	AFDB	11.5	28-Nov-13
Burkina Faso	Decentralized forest and woodland management (PGDDF)	WB	16.5	23-Jan-14
Burkina Faso	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in Burkina Faso	WB	4.5	16-Sep-15
DRC	Improved forested landscape management	WB	36.9	24-Jun-14
DRC	Integrated REDD+ project in the Mbuji Mayi/Kananga and Kisangani basins	AFDB	21.5	11-Sep-13
DRC	Forest-Dependent Community Support Project	WB	6	29-Mar-16
Ghana	Engaging local communities in REDD+/Enhancing carbon stocks	AFDB	9.75	22-Jan-14
Ghana	Enhancing natural forest and agro-forest landscapes	WB	29.5	27-Feb-15
Ghana	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities Project	WB	5.5	26-Apr-17
Indonesia	Promoting Sustainable Community-Based Natural Resource Management and Institutional Development	WB	17.5	18-Apr-16
Indonesia	Community-Focused Investments to Address Deforestation and Forest Degradation (CFI-ADD+)	ADB	17.5	30-Sep-16
Indonesia	Strengthening Rights and Economies of Adat and Local Communities	WB	6.33	16-Mar-17

Lao PDR	Smallholder forestry program	IFC	3	2-Jul-13
Lao PDR	Scaling-up participatory sustainable forest management (PSFM or SUFORD-SU)	WB	12.83	31-May-13
Lao PDR	Protecting Forests for Sustainable Ecosystem Services	ADB	13.34	9-Aug-16
Mexico	Forests and climate change project	WB	42	31-Jan-12
Mexico	Financing low carbon strategies in forest landscapes.	IDB	15	14-Nov-12
Mexico	Support for forest related micro, small, and medium-sized enterprises in Ejidos	IDB	2.88	10-Apr-13
Mexico	Mexico Dedicated Grant Mechanism for IP and LC	WB	6	15-Sep-17
Mozambique	Mozambique Forest Investment Project (MozFIP)	WB	8.8	7-Mar-17
Mozambique	Emissions Reductions in the Forest Sector Through Planted Forests with Major Investors	IFC	2	
Mozambique	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities	WB	4.5	5-Dec-17
Peru	Dedicated Grant Mechanism in Peru	WB	5.5	11-Sep-15
DGM Global	DGM for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities	WB	5	3-Mar-15
	TOTAL		390.43	

2. Theme 1.1 GHG emission reductions or avoidance / enhancement of carbon stocks. Area Covered

Country	Baseline (Million tCO ₂ e)	Target 1 ¹ (Million tCO ₂ e)	Target 2 ² (Million tCO ₂ e)	Results achieved in 2017 (Million tCO ₂ e)
Brazil				Results achieved will be reported at mid-term and completion
Burkina Faso	-3.09	1.95	13.8	
DRC	-2.15	4.2	20.1	
Ghana	0	1.04	3.9	
Indonesia		3.70		
Lao PDR		1.82	0.00	
Mexico	9.48	0.95	1.14	
Mozambique	57.41	2.00	0	
TOTAL		15.66	38.94	

- It should be noted that DRC reported 3.16 million tCO₂e reduced corresponding to the World Bank 'Improved Forested Landscape Management Project' as 2017 results. This includes 2.9 million tCO₂e from avoided deforestation, 186,120 tCO₂e from reforestation/afforestation and 23,006 tCO₂e from the use of 4,150 improved cookstoves distributed until December 2017 (includes 2016 and 2017). The official results will be assessed by December 2018 for the period 2016-2018. Once the results are confirmed, they will be included in the FIP results report.
- **Burkina Faso** reforested 495 ha of forest or 49,500 plants planted, estimated to sequester 43,323 tones of CO₂e. Also, 472 tCO₂e were reduced from 118 biodigesters. Each biodigester sequesters 4 t CO₂e/year. In addition, the FIP promoted sustainable forest management practices by protecting 1,295 ha. Once the results are confirmed, they will be included in the FIP results report.

¹ Expected results after the financial closure of the project

² Lifetime projection of expected results of the project under the investment plan

3. Theme 1.2 Livelihood co-benefits

Country	Project	MDB	Reporting theme		Target (as per 2017 results report)	2017 Results
Brazil	Forest information to support public and private sectors in managing initiatives focused on conservation and valorization of forest resources	IDB	Number of trained people in skills and techniques related to the National Forest Inventory (IFN1)	Total	260	154
				Men	0	119
				Women	0	35
			Number of contracted field technicians (IFN2)	Total	176	108
				Men	0	97
				Women	0	11
			Number of contracted taxonomists (IFN3)	Total	28	14
				Men	0	5
				Women	0	9
	Sustainable production in areas converted to agricultural use (based upon the ABC plan)	WB	Number of people attending training courses on Low Carbon Agriculture Technologies (ABC1)	Total	6,000	4,488
				Men	0	3,709
				Women	0	779
			Number of people attending the Field Days at the Technical Reference Units (ABC2)	Total	1,280	3,284
				Men	0	0
				Women	0	0
			Number of trainers attending training courses on Low Carbon Agriculture Technologies (ABC3)	Total	53	53
				Men	0	42
				Women	0	11
			Number of Field Technicians trained to provide technical assistance (ABC4)	Total	150	179
				Men	0	137
				Women	0	42
			Number of contracted field technicians (ABC5)	Total	81	246
				Men	66	193
				Women	15	53
Development of systems to prevent forest fires and monitor vegetation cover in the Brazilian Cerrado project	WB	Number of contracted specialists	Total	60	27	
			Men	0	14	
			Women	0	13	
		Number of people trained in the use of Fire Risk	Total	303	334	
			Men	0	0	
			Women	0	0	
Environmental Regularization of Rural Lands in the Cerrado of Brazil – FIP/CAR Project	WB	Number of people trained in online system - EAD (CAR)	Total	200	126	
			Men	0	58	
			Women	0	58	
		Number of rural properties enrolled in the CAR in the municipalities selected until 2017	Total	57,942	43,000	
			Men	0	0	
			Women	0	0	

Brazil	Brazil Investment Plan Coordination Project	WB	Direct project beneficiaries		14	0
TOTAL BRAZIL					66,547	52,013
Burkina Faso	Decentralized Forest and Woodland Management Project (PGDFEB)	WB	Number of people who have increased their monetary or non-monetary profits from forests	Total	250,000	0
				Men	165,000	0
				Women	85,000	0
			Number of small and medium-sized local enterprises supported by the project	Total	0	32
				Men	0	0
				Women	0	0
	Gazetted Forests Participatory Management Project for REDD+ (PGFC/REDD+)	AFDB	Number of people who have increased their monetary or non-monetary profits from forests	Total	5,400	2,080
				Men	0	0
				Women	0	0
			Number of people with new sustainable jobs	Total	4,500	4,125
				Men	0	2,887
				Women	0	1,238
			Number of small and medium-sized local enterprises supported by the project	Total	180 (n/a)	165
				Men	0	0
				Women	0	0
			Number of producers trained in exploitation and management technique (men/women)	Total	4,000	422
				Men	0	0
				Women	0	0
Number of senior officers (men/women) trained	Total	200	211			
	Men	150	148			
	Women	50	63			
Number of training awards (men/women)	Total	10	0			
	Men	0	0			
	Women	0	0			
TOTAL BURKINA FASO					264,110	6,838
DRC	Integrated REDD+ Project in the Mbuji-Mayi/Kananga and Kisangani Basins	AFDB	Family livelihoods improve by at least 50 percent for women/head of households and youth	Total	20,000	0
			Number of people attending educational and training opportunities for improved forestry resources, forest landscape management and agro-forestry, etc. (project indicator)	Total	1,550	0
			Number of people with new employment opportunities, such as with non-timber forest products.	Total	20,000	0
	Improved Forested Landscape	WB	People in forest&adjacent community with monetary/non-monetary benefit from forest	Total	120,000	0
			Men	0	0	
			Women	0	0	

DRC	Management Project		Farmers from the targeted villages who have adopted an improved agro-forestry technology promoted by the project	Total	20,000	2,832
			Men			
			Women			
			Number of people benefitting from employment opportunities	Total	2,112	2,112
TOTAL DRC					183,662	4,944
Ghana	Enhancing Natural Forests and Agroforest Landscapes	WB	People in forest and adjacent communities with monetary/non-monetary benefits from forest and Climate Smart Agriculture (Number)	Total	87,500	18,226
			Men	42,500	7,545	
			Women	45,000	10,681	
			Direct project beneficiaries (Number)	Total	9,501	2,737
			Men	4,846	1,536	
			Women	4,655	1,201	
	Engaging Local Communities in REDD+/Enhancement of Carbon Stocks	AFDB	Number of Communal Managed enterprises supported by the project (Number)	Total	10 (n/a)	
			Men			
			Women			
			Number of ha of woodlots for fuel planted to support livelihood of fringe communities (Ha)	Total	n/a	
			Men			
			Women			
			Direct beneficiaries	Total	12,000	6840
			Men	0		
			Women	0		
			Number of sustainable jobs created by the project	Total	1,000	0
Men	0					
Women	0					
TOTAL GHANA					110,001	27,803
Indonesia	Community-Focused Investments to Address Deforestation and Forest Degradation (CFI-ADD+)	ADB	People directly benefitting from the project, with monetary and non-monetary benefits (number)	Total	10,000	0
				Total		
			People benefitting from the project	Total	13,678	0
	Forest Investment Promoting Sustainable Community-Based Natural Resource Management and Institutional Development	WB	Direct project beneficiaries	Total	113,000	0
			Men	62,150	0	
			Women	50,850	0	
			Project affected people in forest and adjacent communities have increased monetary and non-monetary benefits	Total	108,000	0
			Men	57,550	0	
			Women	50,450	0	
	TOTAL INDONESIA					244,678

Lao PDR	SUFORD SU	WB	People in forest & adjacent community with monetary/non-monetary benefit from forest	Total	115,000	46,000
				Men		
				Women		
	IFC project	IFC	Number of people trained in smallholder and outgrower engagement practices to strengthen partnerships with forestry firms	Total	15,000	78
	Protecting Forests for Sustainable Ecosystem Services (PFSES)	ADB	People employed	Total	6,370	6,370
Increased no. of HH with monetary & non-monetary benefits from forest				Total	7,500	0
Strengthening the governance incentives and REDD+ framework				Total	925	0
TOTAL LAO PDR					144,795	52,448
Mexico	Forests and Climate Change Project	WB	Direct beneficiaries	Total	260,000	44,272
				Men	0	
				Women	0	
				Indigenous	0	0
	Financing Low Carbon Strategies in Forest Landscapes (FIP3)	IDB	Direct beneficiaries	Total	4,667	2,958
				Men	3,700	2,345
				Women	967	613
				Employments created thanks to credit	Total	284
	Support for Forest Related Micro, Small, and Medium-sized Enterprises (MSMEs) in Ejidos	IDB	Number of people that increase their income from the CFEs	Total	2,450	3,580
				Men	0	2,214
				Women	0	1,366
			Number of people employed	Total	350	237
				Men	280	180
				Women	70	57
			Number of people receiving technical assistance	Total	420	1,319
Men	0	937				
Women	0	382				
TOTAL MEXICO					268,590	52,875

Mozambique	Mozambique Forest Investment Project (MozFIP)	IBRD	Number of Forest plantations owners	Total	100	0
				Men	70	0
				Women	30	0
			Number of Farmers adopting agroforestry systems	Total	3,000	0
				Men	1,500	0
				Women	1,500	0
			Number of Charcoal producers	Total	200	0
				Men	180	0
				Women	20	0
	Number of Forest concession owners	Total	2	0		
		Men				
		Women				
	Emissions Reductions in the Forest Sector Through Planted Forests with Major Investors	IFC	Number of Farmers benefited from cassava seedlings	Total	3,000	2,511
				Men	-	1,450
				Women	0	1,061
Number of Farmers benefited from mango seedlings			Total	88	88	
			Men	0	39	
			Women	0	49	
Farmers benefited from moringa seedlings			Total	74	74	
Community members benefited from wood fuel stoves	Total	1,000	250			
Conservation agriculture training	Total	15,000	15,000			
TOTAL MOZAMBIQUE					22,464	17,923
TOTAL					1,304,847	214,844

Examples of livelihood co-benefits provided by the FIP in 2017

- Mexico's** cumulative progress in terms of livelihood co-benefits already exceeded the target of 268,000 people. The "Forests and Climate Change" project exceeded the total target of beneficiaries during the six years of implementation, reaching 265,632 people, with an annual average of 44,272 direct beneficiaries. These beneficiaries are members of ejidos and communities receiving support under special programs in REDD+ Early Action Areas. Thanks to the "Support for Forest Related Micro, Small, and Medium-sized Enterprises (MSMEs) in Ejidos" project, there were 3,580 people who increased their income from the Community Forest Enterprises in 2017. Overall, the FIP has promoted knowledge in a broad concept, since beneficiaries have been provided with skills in terms of financial management. In addition, the technical support provided through the FIP promotes better decision making, which is reflected in the generation of local initiatives that contribute to the development of the communities. This knowledge has also led to the empowerment of producers, increasing profitability, and to promote better decision-making in future initiatives and even to adopt greater financial risk, something that historically has slowed development in rural areas. The FIP has

strengthened the capacities of producers, raising their productivity and competitiveness, adding value to their products and, therefore, increasing their income and your quality of life. An additional benefit is that FIP investments have prevented migration, encouraging the return of forest dwellers to the field.

- In **DRC** there were 2,832³ beneficiaries who adopted an improved agro-forestry technology. One remarkable achievement of the FIP in the DRC in 2017 is the creation of direct employments (112 permanent jobs with signed contracts) at the local execution agencies level and other indirect/temporary employments⁴ (2,000 jobs for daily workers). Tasks that required labor are the rehabilitation of roads, dikes and bridges (the FIP is supporting the rehabilitation of 125km of roads, linking rural areas to Kinshasa), as well the construction of an office building (the FIP is supporting the construction/rehabilitation of provincial coordination offices).
- In **Lao PDR**, the SUFORD-SU project had a little more than 40 % of the Village Livelihood Development (VLD) grants transferred, so the number of beneficiaries for 2017 was estimated at 46,000 people (indicator with total target of 115,000). The total amount of VLD Grants is about USD 4 million, so the average household receives about USD 200 for each VLD grant. While it is too early to assess the impact of the village livelihood grants, the assessment on the impact of the village livelihood grants provided in the previous phase of the project showed that they accelerate poverty reduction.

4. Category 2 themes: Biodiversity and other environmental services. Governance. Tenure, rights and access. Capacity development

Theme 2.1 Biodiversity and other environmental services

- **Burkina Faso** focused on improving biodiversity through ‘regional forest days’, which increased the commitment of riparian communities to the protection and conservation of forests, reforestation actions and the promotion of the payment mechanism for environmental services (PES) to encourage communities to adopt good practices in sustainable forest management. FIP projects contributed to the delimitation and protection of 1,295 ha in twelve forests, to the sub-soiling of 158 ha of degraded and to opening of 1,350 km of firewalls.
- In **Mexico**, thanks to the “Forests and Climate Change” project, incentives have been assigned through the PES, and the international certification of good forest management Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) and the Mexican Certification of Management of Sustainable Forests (NMX) have been promoted, which include aspects of biodiversity conservation. Also, 86% of FIP’s support has been directed to priority

³ Improved Forested Landscape Management project. This number corresponds to 7,014 beneficiaries reported on the WB ISR for 1st November 2017, discounting the cumulative progress reported in the ISR by 29th November 2016 of 4,183 beneficiaries.

⁴ Temporary jobs include technicians, construction workers, laborers for stump removal, field preparation, nursery and seedling transportation.

biodiversity conservation sites, biological corridors, Areas of Importance for Bird Conservation (AICAS), RAMSAR sites, mangroves, mesophilic forests and Protected Natural Areas.

- The SUFORD-SU⁵ and PFSES⁶ projects in Lao PDR focus on the reduction of illegal logging. To date, the PFSES project completed land use planning, and 17 village patrolling teams have been organized and operated. Also, 1,768 ha were restored as Assisted Natural Regeneration, and 348 ha were planted on heavily degraded land with hard wood species.

Theme 2.2. Governance

- In Lao PDR, the SUFORD-SU project continued to focus on law enforcement against illegal timber. Also, an assessment was conducted showing that the implementation of social safeguards is adequate and that women and vulnerable groups had been adequately consulted. The “Small Forestry Program” project involved and engaged with marginalized or vulnerable groups through focus group discussions, encouraging women participation.
- In Burkina Faso, the Environmental and Social Management Framework and the Functional Framework was set up as part of the PGDFEB⁷, the FIP’s gender action plan is being elaborated, vulnerable groups in the autonomous regions are participating in decision making through forest management committees, and the participatory delimitation of the 12 gazetted forests was carried out in 2017.

Theme 2.3 Tenure, rights and access

- In **Ghana**, thanks to the FIP, the Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources is committed to ensuring changes in the implementation of the current policy, which have disadvantaged farmers in the past. Through consultations and awareness campaigns on the new tree tenure and benefit sharing arrangements, which the FIP is supporting, most of the farmers have welcomed the new tree tenure system by maintaining trees on their cocoa farms, which they used to cut down in the past because of unfavorable policy practices.
- In **Lao PDR**, the SUFORD-SU project completed the clarification of legal basis for communal land titles. Also, work is ongoing to strengthen village tenure over forest land.

Theme 2.4 Capacity development

- In **Ghana**, the AFDB project “Engaging Local Communities in REDD+/Enhancement of Carbon Stocks” supports the extension services of implementing agencies by providing motorbikes and vehicles to strengthen their capacity to provide coordination and extension to project beneficiaries.

⁵ WB implemented “Scaling-Up Participatory Sustainable Forest Management Project”

⁶ ADB implemented “Protecting Forests for Sustainable Ecosystem Services Project”

⁷ Decentralized Forest and Woodland Management Project

In **Mexico**, FIP contributed to forest monitoring and measurement, supporting the National Inventory of Forests and Soils and the national MRV system. The MRV system is used to evaluate the country performance mitigating climate change in the forest sector, monitor and evaluate the implementation of REDD + and provide information for the design and implementation of forest policies.

5. Implementation status of DGM projects

DGM projects approved in 2017

FIP pilot country	Project name	Total approved funding (USD Million)	MDB approval date	Effectiveness date	Executing agency
Brazil	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities: Funding Proposal for the DGM Project for Brazil	6.5	3-Mar-15	29-Jun-15	Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas (CAA/NM)
Burkina Faso	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in Burkina Faso	4.5	16-Sep-15	13-Oct-15	International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)- Burkina Faso
DRC	Forest-Dependent Community Support Project	6	29-Mar-16	21-Jun-16	Caritas Congo
Ghana	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities Project	5.5	26-Apr-17	18-Aug-17	Solidaridad
Indonesia	Strengthening Rights and Economies of Adat and Local Communities	6.33	16-Mar-17	22-Jun-17	Tam Samdhana Institute
Mexico	Mexico Dedicated Grant Mechanism for IP and LC	6	15-Sep-17	21-Dec-17	Rainforest Alliance
Mozambique	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities	4.5	5-Dec-17	1-Feb-18	WWF Mozambique
Peru	Dedicated Grant Mechanism in Peru	5.5	11-Sep-15	26-Nov-15	WWF Peru
DGM Global	DGM for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities	5	3-Mar-15	15-Jun-15	Conservation International
TOTAL		49.83			

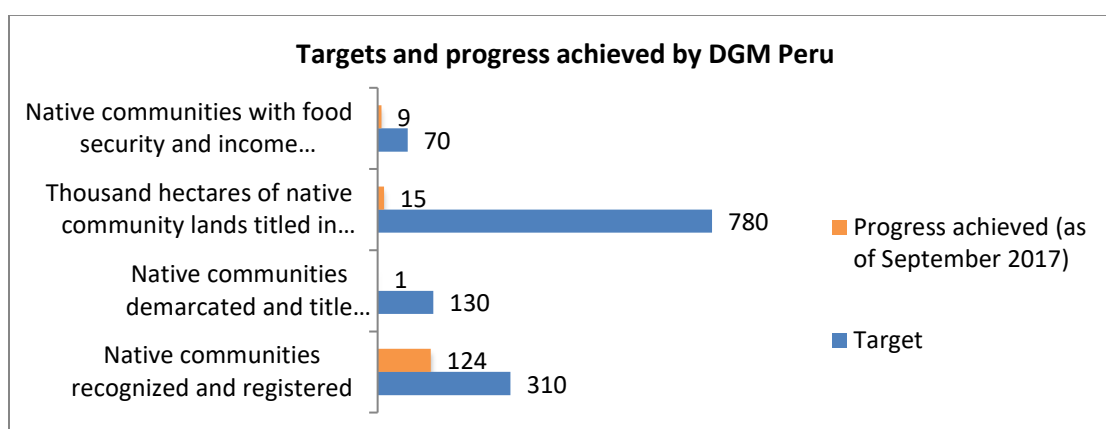
DGM sub-projects completed⁸

Country	Number of sub-projects completed	Number of sub-projects approved	Cumulative value (since DGM implementation start until end of 2017) (USD Million)
Brazil	0	45	2.22
Burkina Faso	1	14	0.38
Peru	11	70	2.33
Total	12	129	4.93

Examples of DGM project progress in 2017

- DGM Peru:** The Project Development Objective for the Saweto DGM is to support Indigenous Peoples in selected communities improving their sustainable forest management practices. The project completed the registration process for 124 native communities and their formal registration on the Public Registry, as shown in Figure 1. There are still 186 communities that still need to be registered. In terms of land titling, one native community completed the demarcation and title registration. There are 85 communities, which have completed all the fieldwork and are preparing the file to submit to the government.
- In 2017, DGM Peru approved 5 additional subprojects, focused on natural resource management, from its first call for proposals and the 11 subprojects approved last period have had considerable success with legal recognition and land titling. There are in total 40 community forestry subprojects under implementation with technical assistance from the NEA, with 10 of these projects implemented by women.

Figure 1 Targets and progress achieved by DGM Peru



Source: World Bank. ISR Saweto Dedicated Grant Mechanism in Peru. Seq No: 5

- The DGM project in Brazil aims to strengthen the engagement of Cerrado Biome's indigenous peoples and traditional communities in FIP, REDD+ and similar climate change oriented programs at the local, national and global level, and to contribute

⁸ Source: Conservation International. DGM Fifth semi-annual program report: July-December 2017

toward improving livelihoods, land use and sustainable forest management in their territories. Since April 2015, the project has created its institutional structure (NSC, NEA, Operational Manual), invited proposals for community subprojects twice, approved 45 community subprojects, and have now begun implementation. Subprojects have the following thematic lines: (i) natural resource management, (ii) immediate threat response (provided to IPTCs under severe and immediate threats to their forests, natural resources, livelihood needs, and physical and cultural survival), and (iii) market-oriented production, such as processing of fruits and nuts.

- Nevertheless, spending and disbursements are behind schedule, due to the fact that subprojects, which represent the bulk of programmed spending, were only signed in the second half of 2017.
- The DGM project in Burkina Faso aims to strengthen the capacity of targeted local communities in the targeted regions of Burkina Faso to participate in REDD+ programs at local, national and global levels. The project started the implementation of 14 subprojects with some early results related to revenue generation and social inclusion. Also, activities to promote environmental education were carried out as planned. Five schools⁹ were engaged in the tree regeneration¹⁰.
- One of the major achievements of DGM Burkina Faso has been the establishment of a grievance redress mechanism. While each DGM project is required to establish a grievance redress mechanism, the one in Burkina Faso is designed with a special focus on local management of grievances. In July 2017, the NEA led a support mission for the establishment and operationalization of these communal grievance prevention and management. These bodies, composed of community mediators, are pivotal for maintaining peace, cohesion, and social inclusion in the community development process¹¹.
- The DGM Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange project successfully completed its first year of exchanges, with Regional Exchanges in Asia and Latin America. In total, DGM Global hosted 130 IPLC leaders from 32 countries, with many participants attending more than one exchange¹². The DGM Global project also facilitated the participation of several NSC and Global Steering Committee (GSC) members at major international events, including the UN Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues, the 46th Conference of the Subsidiary Bodies (SB46) of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), and a FIP Sub-committee Meeting.
- The project also provided support to the DGM country projects throughout the reporting period, including visits to Indonesia to support the launch of its country project and hosting a coordination meeting for the DGM NEAs.

⁹ Lapara/boromo, Douroula, Lery/Gassan, Matiacoali and Nadiabonli

¹⁰ World Bank. ISR Local Forest Communities Support Project, Sequence 3, 26 December 2017.

¹¹ [Conservation International. The Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities Fifth Semiannual Program Report. July 1 2017-December 31, 2017.](#)

¹² [Conservation International. The Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities. Annual report 2017.](#)