

Advancing Systems Transformation in the Global Environment Facility (GEF)

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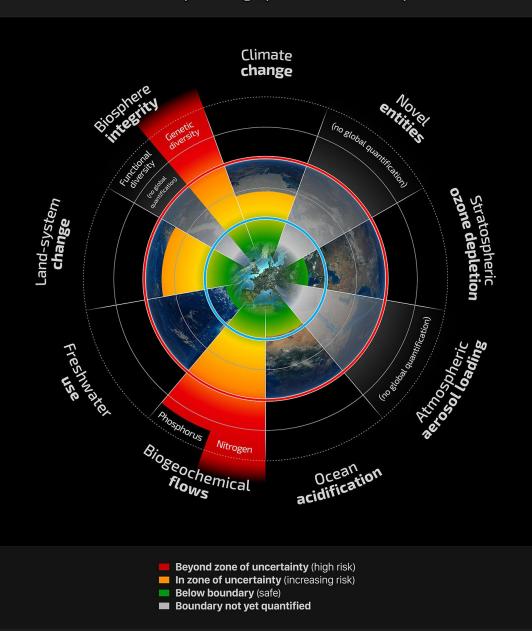
Lead Environmental Specialist

Key Questions

- 1. What does a systems change approach mean to the GEF?
- 2. Why did the GEF pursue a systems change approach?
- 3. What has this shift enabled? What has been challenging?
- 4. What does a systems change approach look like in practice?
- 5. How do you envision the GEF will use and evolve this systems change approach and framework into the future?

Planetary Boundaries

A safe operating space for humanity



These trends are likely to be exacerbated by three global megatrends:

- a growing population, which will exceed 9 billion by 2050;
- a rapidly rising global middle class resulting in a tectonic shift in consumption and diet patterns; and
- rapid urbanization that is expected to add 1 billion new residents to the world's cities.

To de-couple the impact of these megatrends on the global environment, the GEF identified four systems that are critical because of their impact on the planet: **food, energy, urban,** and **production/consumption**.

A **radical transformation** of these systems will be required to stay within the Planetary Boundaries.

GEF Focal Areas



Biodiversity



Climate Change



Land Degradation



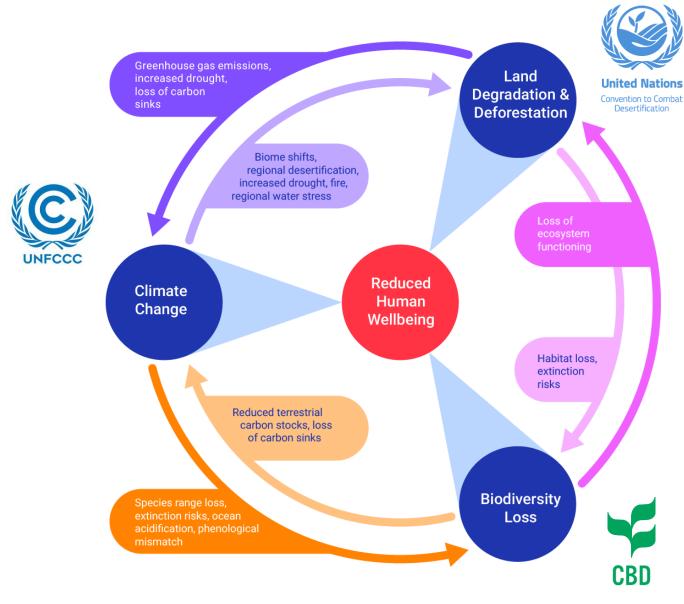
International Waters



Chemicals and Waste

Much has been achieved through focal area investments, but transformational change calls for "integration".........





....such as reflected by interactions among **Rio Conventions** Themes.

Source: UNEP (2021). Making Peace with Nature

Integrated Programming in the GEF

- Promote focal area and MEA synergies and linkages at a higher strategic level
- Position the GEF to more effectively to address key drivers of environmental degradation
- Programming opportunity for environmental challenges in systems that require multi-scale interventions
- Open new opportunities for greater multistakeholder engagement and enhanced financial leverage
- Direct **relevance** to the Sustainable Development Goals and other global commitments



Evolution of Integrated Programming in the GEF



GEF-6

Integrated
Approach
programming –
focus on piloting
"integration"

Integrated
Approach
programming –
Impact
programs focus
on "Systems
Transformation"

GEF-4

Operational Program 12

Integrated Ecosystem Management Multi-Focal Area (MFA) programming; Sustainable Forest Management (SFM) program with incentives for integration across Rio Conventions

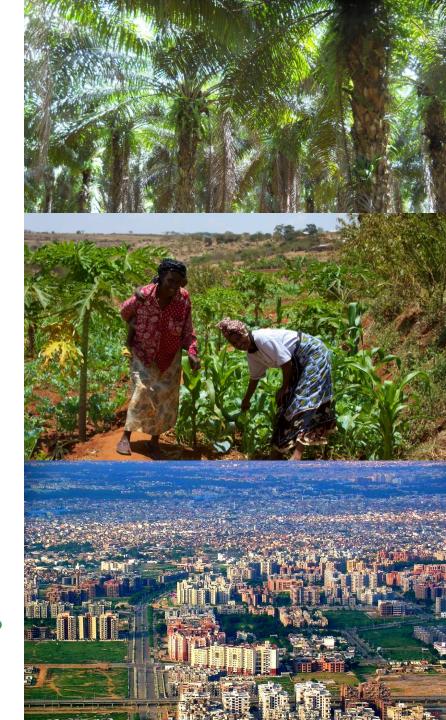
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GEF-6

Integrated Approach Pilot (IAP) Programs

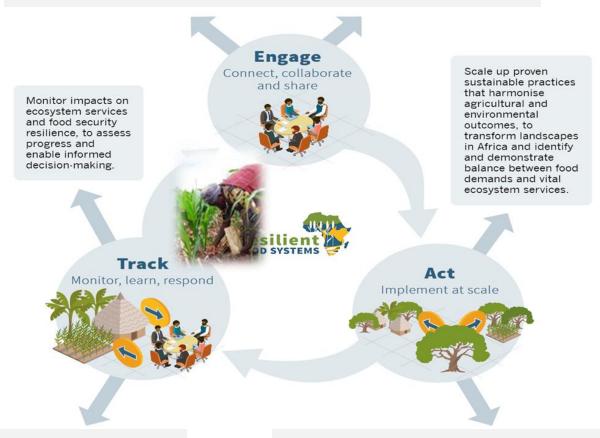
- Focus on integration
- **Deforestation-free commodity supply chains** (beef, palm oil and soy) global with four major producer countries (Brazil, Indonesia, Liberia and Paraguay)
- Sustainability and resilience for food security in Africa – focus on smallholder farming systems in the drylands
- **Sustainable Cities** focus on advancing integrated solutions to urban challenges





Fostering Sustainability and Resilience for food security in Africa

Stakeholder engagement frameworks – across sectors and scales; Policies and incentives





Framework for multi-scale assessment; capacity and institutions

Increasing area under integrated management (NRM and SLM)





Taking Deforestation out of Commodity Supply Chains

Generate responsible demand

Support for sustainable production





Enable transactions

Adaptive Management and Learning





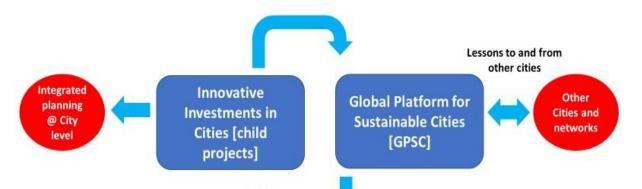








Sustainable Cities Program



Vertical integration

Alignment between **national and local government** towards a common sustainability goal

Horizontal integration

Cooperation and collaboration **across sectors** in planning, financing and delivery of services

Natural and Human System Integration

Synergy between **natural resources** and built environment

Social Integration

Gender consideration and **inclusion of vulnerable** to ensure equitable sustainability benefits

Dual support

- Global Project: Global Platform to a) coordinate with country projects b) create knowledge, facilitate city-city learning, partnerships, global advocacy & value-added support to cities on integration and innovation.
- <u>Country Projects</u>: Direct support to selected cities for integrated urban planning and innovative sustainability investments.

Emerging Lessons from the Pilot Programs: Opportunities and Challenges



Value-add of the GEF



Dealing with complexity



Program additionality – whole > sum of parts



Institutional frameworks for Stakeholder Engagement



Achieving results by promoting systemic shifts



Leveraging the private sector



GEF-7

Impact Programs

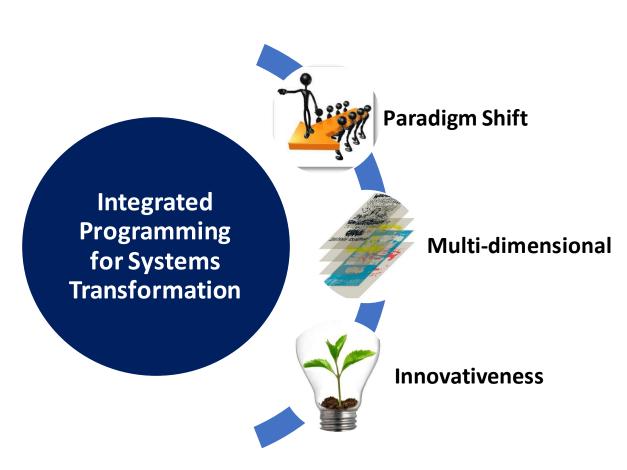
- Focus on Systems Transformation
- Food Systems, Land Use and Restoration –
 Production practices and supply chains for commodities and food staples with greatest impacts on environment

• Critical Forest Ecosystems – Sustainable management of forests across large landscapes

 Sustainable Cities – Transforming Urban Systems, building on the GEF6 IAP Program



Looking Ahead to GEF-8



- Addressing drivers of environmental degradation at global or regional scales;
- Integration of actions across GEF focal areas; sectors, and supply chains;
- Deliver multiple global environmental benefits;
- Complementing country-level investments with transboundary action and impact at regional or global scales;
- Mobilizing diverse coalition of stakeholders from relevant sectors for system transformation;
- Promoting greater **private sector** engagement;
- Fostering knowledge sharing and learning.



THE SYSTEMS CHANGE REVOLUTIONS WE NEED















THE SYSTEMS CHANGE REVOLUTIONS WE NEED











- Increase efficiency and reduce energy use
- Electrify the economy
- Decarbonize power
- Drive down the cost of energy storage for electricity
- Develop new fuels and solutions for hard-toabate sectors
- Scale up carbon removal and carbon capture and storage



- Eliminate the internal combustion engine
- Transition to new zero- or low-emission fuels for heavy transport, shipping, and aviation
- Shift from road to rail and shipping
- Shift to public and shared transport, and to biking and walking



- Adopt compact urban design and transit-oriented development
- Ensure all new buildings are net zero carbon by 2030 and all existing buildings are decarbonized by 2050
- Shift to transport modes that are zero emissions, have zero road deaths and zero exclusions
- Build zero waste cities
- Strengthen urban resilience while supporting population growth of 80% in the world's cities by 2050



- Adopt circular product design, production systems, and supply chains
- Use pure, nontoxic, and regenerative material flows
- Shift to circular business models and a sharing economy
- Reduce materialism and unsustainable consumption



- Protect 30% of forests and other land by 2030
- Restore degraded landscapes
- Sustainably manage land, including reducing water and chemical inputs and keeping pace with climate impacts
- Increase yields by 40% from current levels by 2050 without expanding agricultural land
- Halve food loss and waste by 2030
- Shift diets and ensure equitable access to nutritious food to feed 10 billion people by 2050
- Ensure supply chains are sustainable, including localizing value chains where possible
- Avoid overexploitation of species
- Stop invasive species



Freshwater Management

- Practice comprehensive water assessments and management
- Radically improve water efficiency
- Protect freshwater ecosystems
- Avoid overexploitation of freshwater species
- Stop invasive species



Ocean Management

- Ensure 30% of the ocean is fully protected by 2030
- Sustainably manage fisheries and aquaculture and avoid overexploitation of marine species
- Sharply reduce marine litter and pollution
- Stop invasive species



Financial Systems

- Measure, disclose, and manage climate and other types of environmental risks
- Scale up public climate finance
- Unlock private investments in sustainable, resilient infrastructure
- Extend financial services to underserved groups
- Eliminate harmful subsidies
- Price GHG emissions and other environmental goods



Measuring Progress

- Leverage the digital revolution and improve data systems, including tracking equity of progress
- Advocate for and accept new measures of progress and well-being



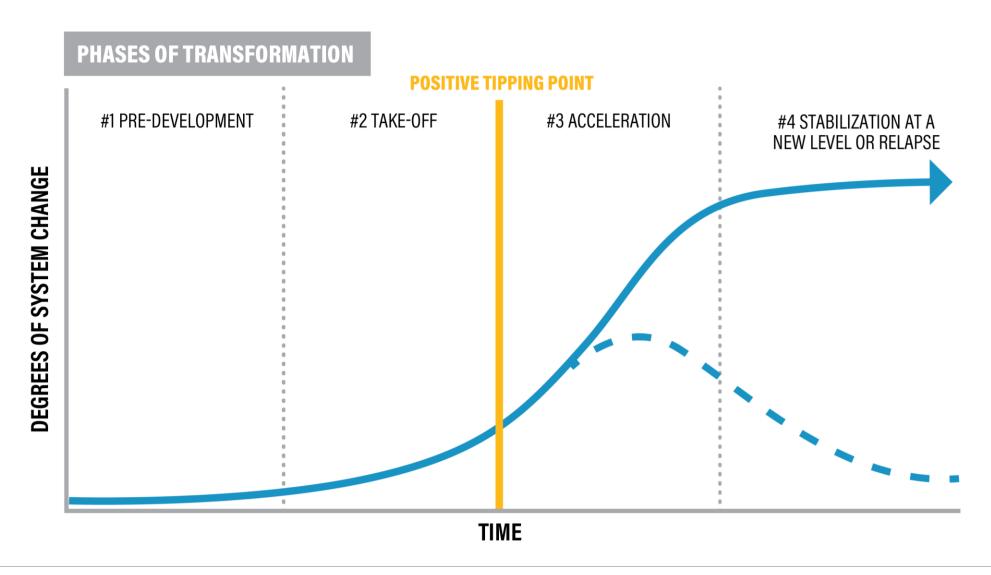
- Provide universal access to basic services and opportunities
- Shift to prosperity being defined by inclusive well-being
- Shift to a new decision-making model, with more inclusive, community-driven leadership



Governance for the Global Commons

- Make global architecture more fit-forpurpose to address challenges
- Reset the social contract among government, corporations, and citizens

THE TRAJECTORY OF SYSTEMS CHANGE



DRIVERS OF CHANGE



- New practices, approaches, and techniques
- Investments in education, science, and research and development
- Interdisciplinary networks of experts
- Technologies
- Economic benefits and costs
- Non-economic benefits and costs
- Leadership from businesses, government, and civil society
- Beneficiaries
- Multi-stakeholder coalitions
- Citizen-led action
- Enabling policies, laws, and regulations
- Strong institutions
- Vertical and horizontal policy integration
- Well-communicated evidence of the problem
- Demonstrations that solutions are possible and attractive
- Behavior changes

A NEW SYSTEMS CHANGE LAB

LAB

MONITORING

The Required Transformations

NUDGING AND CAMPAIGNING - - -

For the Transformations at Greatest Risk

About the Ingredients for Change

